an inquiry by HUD/FHA into the conduct of the mortgagee's HUD/FHA insured business or any other failure to provide information to the Secretary or a representative related to the conduct of the mortgagee's HUD/FHA business:

- (r) Violation by an approved mortgagee of the requirements or prohibitions of the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. 2601–2617);
- (s) Without regard to the date of the insurance of the mortgage, failure to service an insured mortgage in accordance with the regulations and any other requirements of the Secretary which are in effect at the time the act or omission occurs;
- (t) Failure to administer properly an assistance payment contract under section 235 of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1715z);
- (u) Failure to pay the application and annual fees required by 24 CFR part 202:
- (v) The failure of a coinsuring mort-gagee:
- (1) To properly perform underwriting, servicing or property disposition functions in accordance with instructions and standards issued by the Commissioner:
- (2) To make full payment to an investing mortgagee as required by 24 CFR part 204;
- (3) To discharge responsibilities under a contract for coinsurance;
- (4) To comply with restrictions concerning the transfer of a coinsured mortgage to an agency not approved under 24 CFR part 250;
- (5) To maintain additional net worth requirements, as applicable;
- (w) Failure to remit, or timely remit, mortgage insurance premiums, loan insurance charges, late charges, or interest penalties to the Department;
- (x) Failure to submit a report required under 24 CFR 202.12(c) within the time determined by the Commissioner, or to commence or complete a plan for corrective action under that section within the time agreed upon by the Commissioner.
- (y) Failure to properly perform underwriting functions in accordance with instructions and standards issued by the Department;

- (z) Failure to fund mortgage loans or any other misuse of mortgage loan proceeds:
- (aa) Permitting the use of strawbuyer mortgagors in an insured mortgage transaction where the mortgagee knew or should have known of such use of strawbuyers;
- (bb) Breach by the mortgagee of a fiduciary duty owed by it to any person as defined in §25.3, including GNMA and the holder of any mortgage-backed security guaranteed by GNMA, with respect to an insured loan or mortgage transaction.
- (cc) Violation by a Title I lender or loan correspondent of any of the applicable provisions of this section or 24 CFR 202.11(a)(2).
- (dd) Failure to pay any civil money penalty, but only after all administrative appeals requested by the mortgagee have been exhausted.
- (ee) Any other reason the Board or the Secretary determines to be so serious as to justify an administrative sanction

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under Control Number 2502–0450)

[57 FR 31051, July 13, 1992; 57 FR 37085, Aug. 18, 1992, as amended at 57 FR 58339, Dec. 9, 1992; 60 FR 13836, Mar. 14, 1995; 60 FR 39238, Aug. 1, 1995; 61 FR 685, Jan. 9, 1996; 62 FR 20081, Apr. 24, 1997]

§ 25.10 Publication in Federal Register of actions.

The Secretary shall publish, in the FEDERAL REGISTER, a description of and the cause for each administrative action taken by the Board against a mortgagee. Such publication shall be made quarterly or more frequently in the discretion of the Secretary.

§ 25.11 Notification to other agencies.

Whenever the Board has taken any discretionary action to suspend and/or withdraw the approval of a mortgagee, the Secretary shall provide prompt notice of the action and a statement of the reasons for the action to the Secretary of Veterans Affairs; the chief executive officer of the Federal National Mortgage Association; the chief executive officer of the Federal Home Loan